# ASSESSMENT 1 (12 marks)

# *(1000-1500 words)*

# Team Report

## {{Team Name}}

*A report is of great importance in a business. As software engineers we need to use reports to model high level technical specifications and design aspects of the software solution so stakeholders can understand how the software will be developed and what is required.*

## Stakeholder Analysis –1

## A stakeholder analysis is a process of identifying people involved with the project before the project begins; grouping them according to their levels of participation, interest, and influence in the project; and determining how best to involve and communicate each of these stakeholder groups throughout.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Stakeholder | Interest | Estimated Project Impact | Estimated Priority |
| Owner | Increase profits margin | HIGH | LOW |
| Team Members |  |  |  |
| Customers | New system |  |  |

## Release Backlog - Andie

Calendar

Description automatically generated

## Release & Iteration Plan – Andie

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

## Use Case Model - Zhihao Xing

A use-case model is a model of how different types of users interact with the system to solve a problem. As such, it describes the goals of the users, the interactions between the users and the system, and the required behavior of the system in satisfying these goals.

## Non-Functional Requirements (NRF’s) - Zhihao Xing

Describe and list the non-functional requirements of the project.

## Use Case Narratives (Iteration 1 / Sprint 1 only) - Ahmad

Use case narratives describe the process steps inside each use case. For each use case you will need

* A number and name that identify the use case. These are often assigned according to the organization’s standards, templates, and/or requirements processes.
* The pre-and post-conditions describe the scope of each use case. Since each use case begins and ends, we need to tell it where to begin and when to end.
* A matrix with what the actor does and how the system responds to each actor request. (scenario of each use case)
* Primary, alternate, and exception flows.

## Architecture Solution Options & Evaluation -2

Architecture used for Data and Application.

Application and Data architecture refers to how the organization's software applications are assembled as part of its overarching enterprise architecture and how those applications interact with each other to meet business or user requirements.

## Architecture Solution Model Diagram -1

A diagram of the chosen architecture solution for the project with how the different parts of the architecture are connected and related (See Canvas for an example).

3 levels of architecture required:

* Project
* Release
* Iteration

## Technology Stack, Proposed Solution -1 - Ahmad

A technology stack, also called a solutions stack, technology infrastructure, or a data ecosystem, is a list of all the technology services used to build and run one single application. For example you may have used something like or planned to use NodeJs with MongoDB with npm and other technology services to help you build your application.

## Contribution Table

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Student Number** | **Completed Tasks** |
| 13623905, Andie | Release Backlog, Release & Iteration |
| 13924624, Chamod | Architecture Solution Options & Evaluation, Architecture Solution Model Diagram |
| 13421565, Zhihao | Use Case Model, Non-Functional Requirements |
| 14158226, Ahmad | Use Case Narratives, Technology Stack, Proposed Solution |
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